

SEMINAR 6: GENETIC ALGORITHMS

Grado en Ingeniería Informática
Curso 2014 / 15

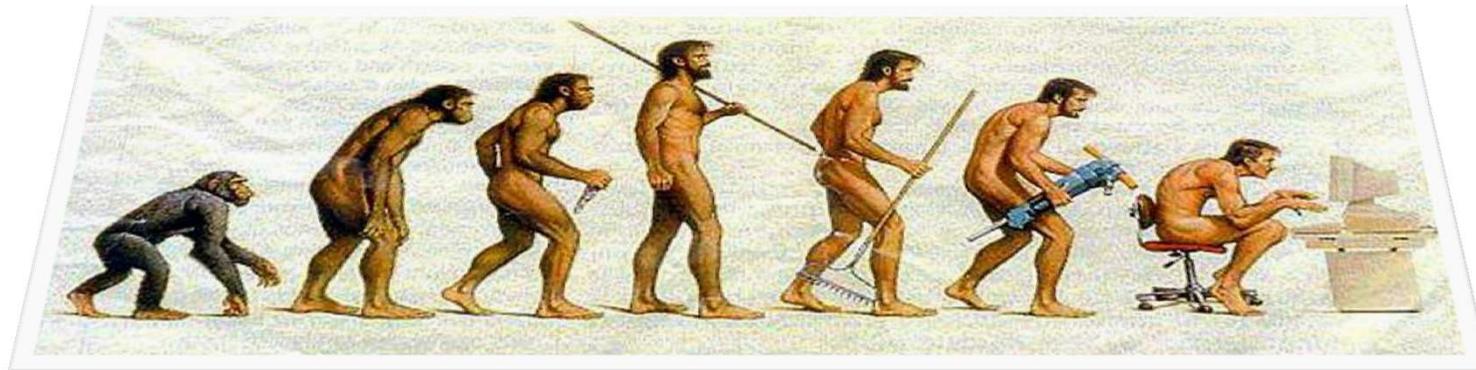
Objectives

- By the end of this lesson, students will:
 - **Define** what a **Genetic algorithm** is
 - **Apply** PPN and Genetic algorithms to predict the weather



Introduction

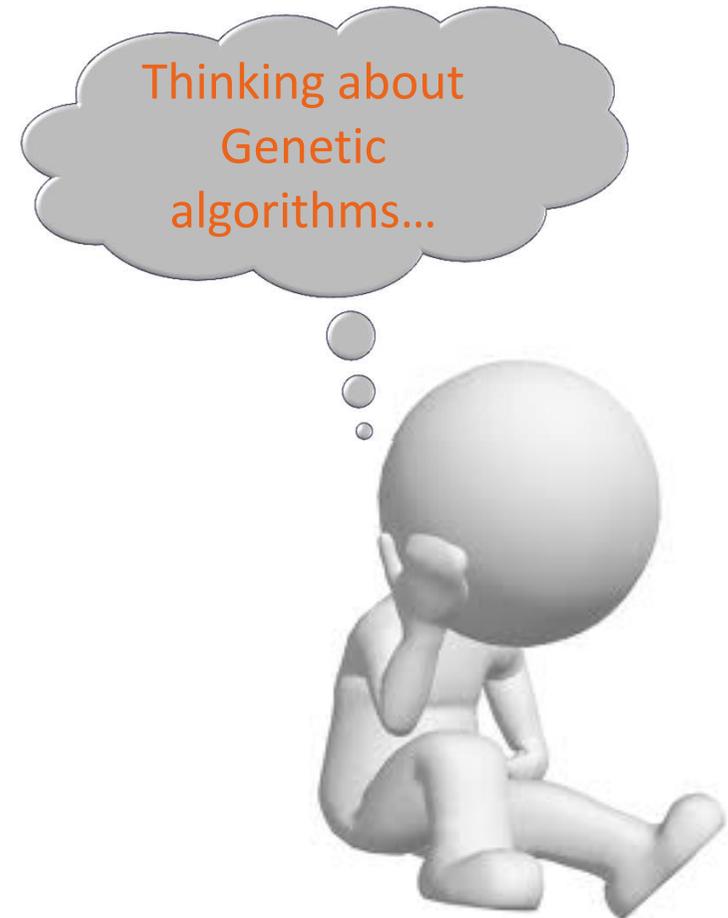
□ <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y-XMh-iw07w>



Introduction

□ Questions about the video:

1. What do you think about Genetic algorithm?
2. In your opinion, what are the applications of Genetic algorithms?

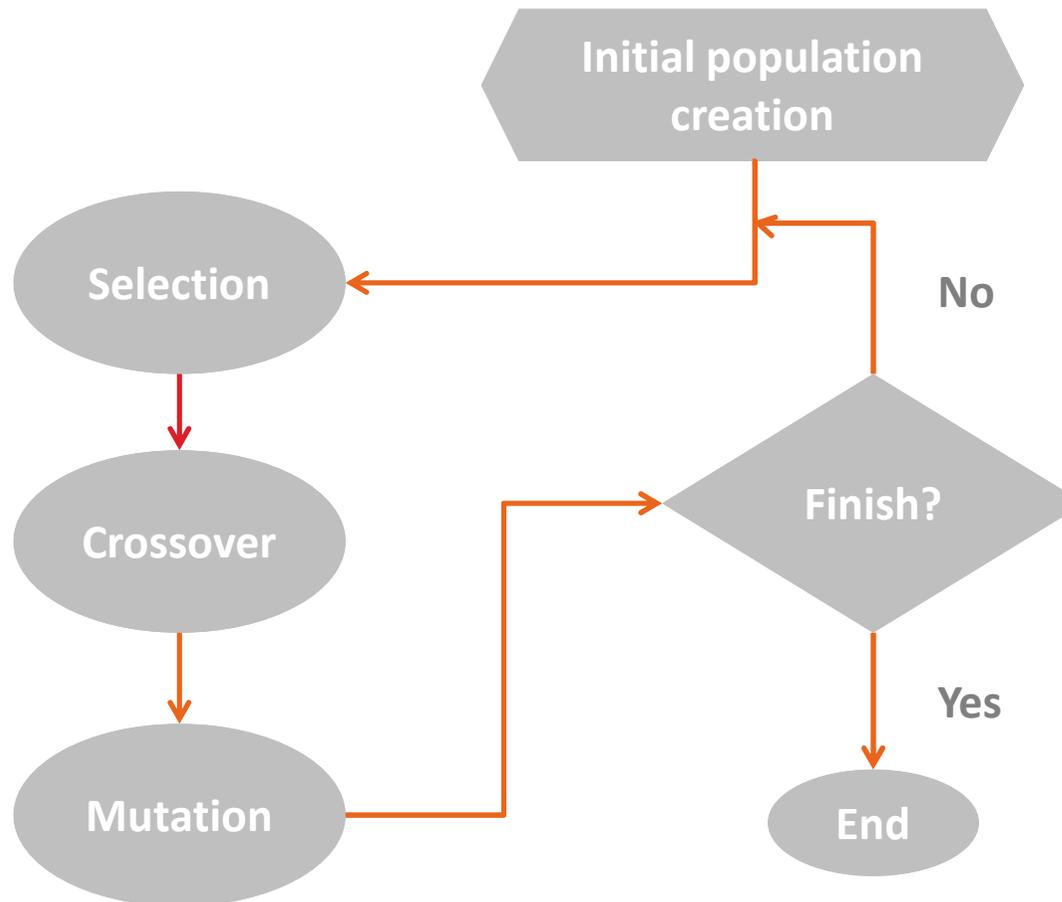


Genetic Algorithm

- ❑ It was invented by John Holland (University of Michigan)
- ❑ It is a method of search and optimization solving problems
- ❑ It is a particular class of evolutionary algorithms
- ❑ It is based on biological evolution inspired techniques



How do they work?



Genetic Algorithm components

- ❑ A genetic representation of the solutions of the problem
- ❑ One way to create an initial population of solutions
- ❑ An evaluation function can measure the goodness of any solution
- ❑ A set of genetic operators such as probabilistic transition rules to guide the search
- ❑ The value of some input parameters that the genetic algorithm used to guide its evolution

Representation

- ❑ Genetic algorithms are applied to a population represented abstractly as *chromosomes* (encoding candidate solutions to a problem)
- ❑ Types of representation (depending on the type of data that each gene is encoded):
 - ❑ Binary: 1 1 0 0 1
 - ❑ Integer: 3 4 5 3 2
 - ❑ Float: 3.2 4.21 5.1 -3.2 2.4

Initial population

- A random initial value is assigned of each gen

0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0
1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1
0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0
1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0

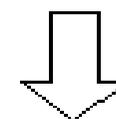
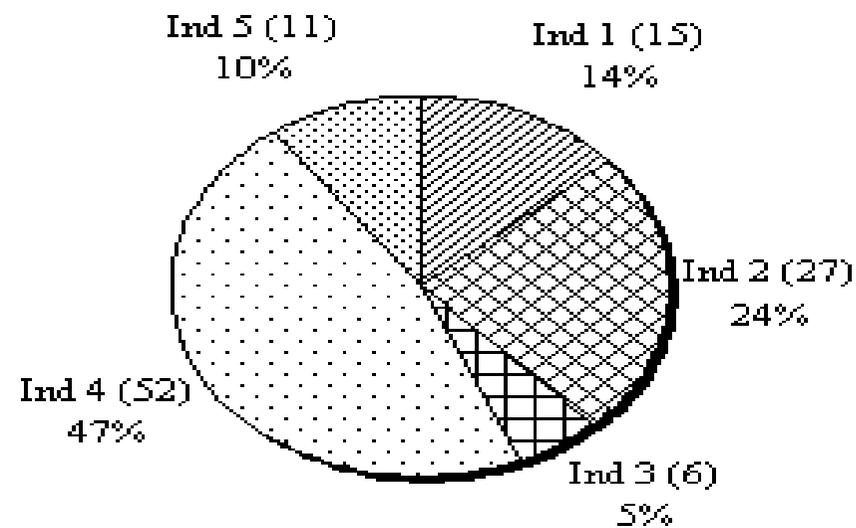
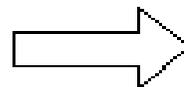
Fitness function

- **Goal:** Measuring the quality of the solution with respect to the problem to solve

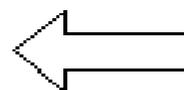
Solution	Fitness
0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0	169
1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1	576
0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0	64
1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0	361
...	...

Genetic operations: selection

<i>Population</i>	<i>Fitness</i>
Individual 1	15
Individual 2	27
Individual 3	6
Individual 4	52
Individual 5	11



Individual 2 is selected

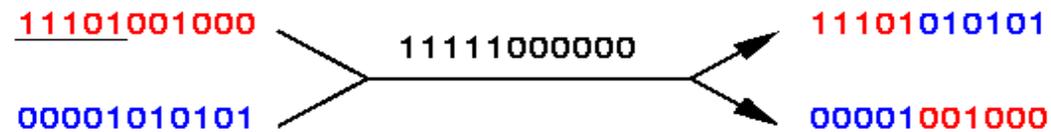


Randomly generated number = 21

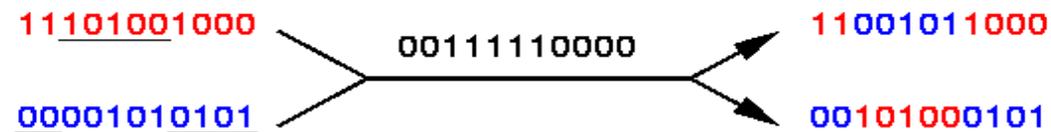
Genetic operations: crossover

Initial strings *Crossover Mask* *Offspring*

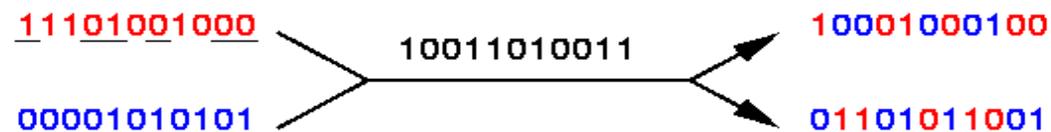
Single-point crossover:



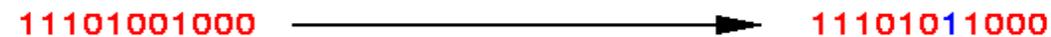
Two-point crossover:



Uniform crossover:



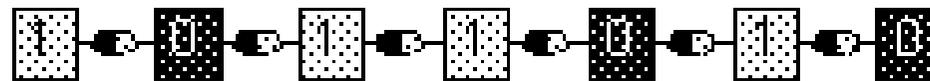
Point mutation:



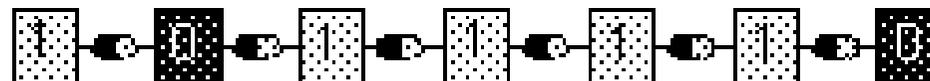
Genetic operations: mutation

- ❑ Based upon the probability of mutation, a gene on chromosome is disrupted
- ❑ **Goal:** To produce diverse population

Before mutation:



After mutation:



Parameters

- Population size
- Generarion number
- Crossover probability
- Mutation probability

Example: Sudoku – Basic concepts



- ❑ 9x9 grid cells subdivided into boxes or regions (sectors 3x3) with numbers 1-9
- ❑ Some cells have initials values
- ❑ The values can not be repeated in any row, column or box

Example: Sudoku – Basic concepts

Possible combinations:

$$9^{31} = 3.8152 * 10^{29}$$

1	3	6	4	2	8	9	5	7
4	5	9	1	7	6	8	3	2
2	8	7	3	9	5	6	4	1
6	9	3	5	8	1	7	2	4
8	4	5	2	6	7	1	9	3
7	2	1	9	4	3	5	6	8
5	6	8	7	3	4	2	1	9
9	1	4	8	5	2	3	7	6
3	7	2	6	1	9	4	8	5

		6	4	2	8			
4	5		1	7	6		3	2
	8	7	3	9	5		4	1
	9	3	5	8		7		
	4		2		7		9	3
7	2		9			5	6	
5	6	8		3	4	2		9
	1		8			3	7	6
	7		6	1		4	8	



Example: Sudoku – Representation

1	3	6	4	2	8	9	5	7
4	5	9	1	7	6	8	3	2
2	8	7	3	9	5	6	4	1
6	9	3	5	8	1	7	2	4
8	4	5	2	6	7	1	9	3
7	2	1	9	4	3	5	6	8
5	6	8	7	3	4	2	1	9
9	1	4	8	5	2	3	7	6
3	7	2	6	1	9	4	8	5

```
136428957 459176832 287395641 693581724
845267193 721943568 568734219 914852376
372619485
```

Example: Sudoku – Example

1 3 6	4 2 8	9 5 7
4 5 9	1 7 6	8 3 2
2 8 7	3 9 5	6 4 1
6 9 3	0 0 0	7 2 4
8 4 5	0 0 0	1 9 3
7 2 1	0 0 0	5 6 8
5 6 8	7 3 4	2 1 9
9 1 4	8 5 2	3 7 6
3 7 2	6 1 9	4 8 5

<u>Gen.</u>	<u>Fit.</u>	<u>Rep.</u>
1	82	8
3	83	7
13	84	6
15	88	2
50	90	0

Example: Sudoku – Example

1 3 6	4 2 8	9 5 7
4 5 0	1 7 6	0 3 2
0 0 7	3 9 5	0 4 1
0 9 3	5 8 1	7 0 0
0 4 0	2 0 7	1 9 3
7 2 0	9 4 3	5 6 0
0 6 8	7 3 4	2 1 9
0 0 0	8 5 2	3 7 6
0 0 2	6 1 9	4 8 5

<u>Gen.</u>	<u>Fit.</u>	<u>Rep.</u>
1	61	29
3	63	27
4	66	24
7	68	22
24	73	17
61	75	15
74	76	14
121	77	13
147	78	12
428	83	7
2755	85	5
3139	86	4
3230	87	3
4776	90	0