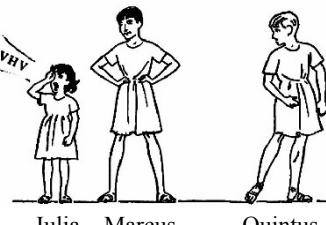
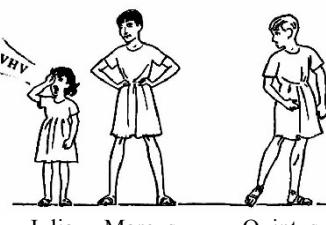
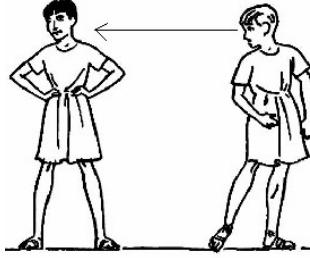


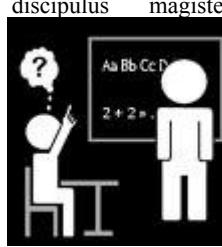
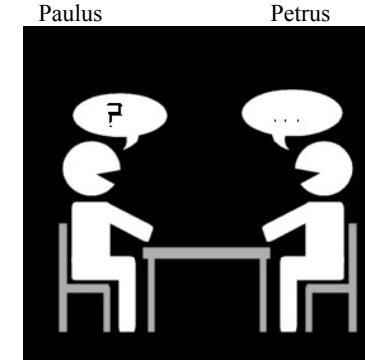
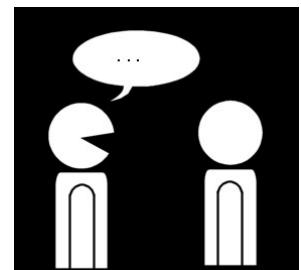
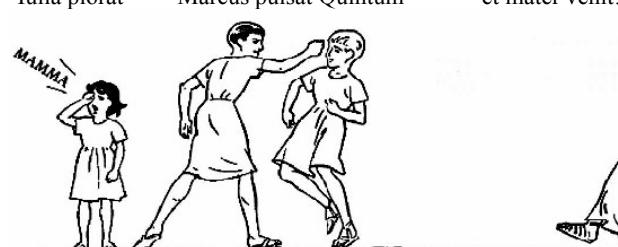
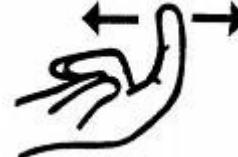
VOCABULARIUM LATĪNUM
VERBĪS ATQUE IMAGINIBUS EXPLICĀTUM

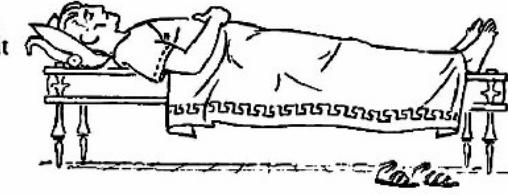
Cap. III

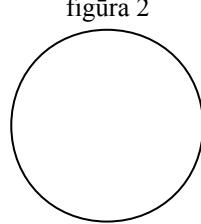
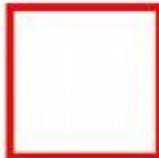
(Nota bene: ↔ = contrarium, antonymum)

VOCABULUM SŌLUM (AUT CUM IMAGINE)	IMĀGO VERBĪS EXPLICĀTA
scaena , scaenae, f.	<p>SCAENA PRIMA <i>Persōnae: Iūlia, Mārcus, Quīntus.</i></p>  <p>Iulia Marcus Quintus</p>
persōna , -ae, f.	<p>In scaenā prīmā capitulī tertīi sunt tres persōnae: Iulia, Marcus Quintusque.</p>   <p>duae persōnae</p>
cantō, cantāre	 <p>Iulia cantat</p>
laetus, -a, -um	 <p>persōna laeta persōna non laeta</p>

<p>īrātus, -a, -um</p>	  īrātus īrātus
<p>pulsō, pulsāre</p>	  Mārcus Iūliam pulsat Paulum pulsat Petrus Paulus Petrus
<p>plōrō, plōrāre</p>	  parvus puer plōrat parva puella plōrat
<p>rideo, ridēre</p>	  duo virī rident nōs ridēmus
<p>videō, vidēre</p>	<p>Quintus Marcum videt</p> <p>Marcus Quintus</p> 

iam , adv.	<p>Iulia plōrat</p>  <p>Iulia iam non plōrat, sed cantat</p> 
interrogo, interrogāre	<p>discipulus magister</p>  <p>discipulus interrogat magistrum</p>
respondeo, respondēre	<p>Paulus Petrus</p>  <p>Paulus interrogat Petrus respondeat</p>  <p>ego respondeo</p>
venio, venīre	<p>puer venit</p>  <p>Iulia plōrat Marcus pulsat Quintum et mater venit...</p>  <p>veni!</p> 

<p>dormio, dormīre</p>	<p>Iūlius dormit</p> 
<p>voco, vocāre</p>	<p>PATER</p>  <p>Quīntus Iūliūm vocat</p>  <p>puer vocat Quintum</p>
<p>audio, audīre</p>	<p>Iulus Marcum plorāre audit</p> <p>VHV</p>   <p>audīre</p>
<p>verbero, verberāre</p>	 <p>Iulus Marcum verberat</p> <p>verberāre est pulsāre et pulsāre: tux, tax!</p>
<p>improbus, -a, -um (↔ probus, -a, -um)</p>	 <p>Mārcus Iūliam pulsat</p>  <p>QVINTVS</p> <p>Marcus parvam pueram pulsat. Marcus improbus est!</p>

	<p>Quintus parvam puellam non pulsat. Quintus probus est. Probus est bonus. Improbus est malus. Iulius Marcum verberat et Marcus plōrat et Iulia non ridet. Iulia puella proba est.</p>
cur? (↔quia)	 <p>Mārcus Iūliam pulsat</p> <p>cur Marcus puer improbus est? Marcus est puer improbus quia parvam puellam pulsat!</p>  <p>cur Iulia plorat? Iulia plorat quia Marcus eam pulsat! Iulia, quae parva puella est, plorat, quia Marcus, qui puer improbus est, eam pulsat.</p>
neque	<p>figūra 1</p>  <p>figūra 2</p>  <p>figūra 3</p>  <p>figūra tertia neque triangulum, neque circulus est, sed quadrātum.</p>
	<p>“<i>videt</i>” verbum est “<i>audīre</i>” quoque verbum est “<i>rideo</i>” verbum est</p>

verbum , verbī, n. <i>verbum</i> est <i>vocabulum</i>	N.B. “ <i>vidēre</i> ”, “ <i>audīre</i> ”, “ <i>ridēre</i> ”, verba sunt quae indicant tempus. verbum quoque significat <u>vocabulum</u> <i>oppidum</i> est vocabulum, verbum <i>insula</i> est verbum, vocabulum <i>sed</i> est vocabulum, verbum
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