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Listening Comprehension

True or False?

Listen to the audio and decide whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F).

1. Technical skills and clinical knowledge are the only components required for professional nursing practice.
2. Respecting patient autonomy means allowing competent patients to refuse medical treatment.
3. Informed consent is only necessary when a nurse personally disagrees with a doctor's diagnosis.
4. Beneficence refers to the obligation to "do no harm" and prevent medication errors.
5. Performing safety double-checks on high-risk medications is a practical application of non-maleficence.
6. The principle of justice requires nurses to prioritize care based on a patient's socioeconomic status.
7. Operating outside of your educated and licensed boundaries is known as exceeding your Scope of Practice.
8. Negligence occurs when a nurse fails to maintain accepted standards of care, potentially harming a patient.
9. Patient confidentiality is described as a recommendation rather than a legal obligation.

10. The main conclusion of the monologue is that nurses must act as patient advocates while balancing clinical expertise and moral courage.

Answer Key & Explanations

FALSE — *Clinical knowledge and technical skills are only half of the job; sound ethical decision-making is equally essential.*

TRUE — *Autonomy grants competent patients the legal and moral right to make choices, including refusing treatment.*

FALSE — *Informed consent ensures patients receive clear information to make voluntary decisions about their care, regardless of disagreement.*

FALSE — *"Do no harm" is non-maleficence; beneficence refers to taking active duty to do good and show compassion.*

TRUE — *Double-checking medications prevents unintentional harm, directly embodying non-maleficence.*

FALSE — *Justice demands fair and equal care for everyone regardless of their background or socioeconomic status.*

TRUE — *Working beyond your legal and educational limits violates your defined Scope of Practice.*

TRUE — *Failing to adhere to standards of care that leads to potential harm defines clinical negligence.*

FALSE — *Confidentiality under regulations like HIPAA is a sacred legal obligation, not just a suggestion.*

TRUE — *The speaker emphasizes that nurses must serve as patient advocates through moral courage and professional accountability.*